

GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA LAW AND JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

MAHARASHTRA ACT No. XLV OF 1963.

The Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the promotion of construction, sale, management and transfer) Act, 1963.

(As modified upto 29th March 2016.)



PRINTED IN INDIA BY THE MANAGER, GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS, MUMBAI AND PUBLISHED BY THE DIRECTOR, GOVERNMENT PRINTING, STATIONERY AND PUBLICATIONS, MAHARASHTRA STATE, MUMBAI 400 004.

 $\boldsymbol{2016}$

[*Price* : Rs.15.00]

THE MAHARASHTRA OWNERSHIP FLATS (REGULATION OF THE PROMOTION OF CONSTRUCTION, SALE, MANAGEMENT AND TRANSFER) ACT,1963. MAHARASHTRA ACT No. XLV OF 1963.

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MAHARASHTRA ACT No. XLV OF 1963¹.

[The Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation Of The Promotion Of Construction, Sale, Management And Transfer) Act, 1963.]

[Received the assent of the President on the 12th day of December 1963; assent first published in the Maharashtra Government Gazette", Part IV, on the 16th day of December 1963.]

Amended by Mah. 29 of 1964.

,,	••	"	1	of 1966.
,,	,,	,,	2	of 1968.
,,	,,	,,	11	of 1970.
,,	,,	,,	15	of 1971.
,,	,,	,,	5	of 1973.
,,	"	,,	53	of 1974 (1-1-1975)*
,,	,,	,,		of 1977.
,,	,,	,,	1	of 1979.
"	"	"	6	of 1982 (12-2-1982)*.
,,	,,	,,	13	of 1983.
,,	,,	,,	5	of 1984† (1-2-1984)
Ame	nde	d by		h. 9 of 1981
"	"	"		of 1985‡(20-2-1985)*

¹ For Statement of Objects and Reasons, *see Maharashtra Government Gazette*, 1963, Part V, pages 117.

* This indicates the date of commencement of Act.

† Section 4 and 5 of Mah. 5 of 1984 read as follows :---

"4. (1) Where any agreement for sale was entered into, or was purported to be Validating entered into under section 4 of the principal Act and such agreement was not registered under the Provisions. Registration Act before the commencement of this Act, then notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force or in any judgement, decree or order of any Court, such agreement shall not be invalid or ineffective, merely on the ground that it was not registered as required by the said section 4, and shall be deemed always to have been valid and enforceable, if such document is duly presented for registration on or before the 31st December 1984 and registered under the said section 4 as amended by this Act.

(2) In computing any period of limitation prescribed by any law for the time being in force, for the purpose of taking any legal proceeding for enforcing any rights or liabilities arising from any agreement for sale deemed to be valid and enforceable under sub-section (1) or for execution or enforcing any other documents depending on or connected with such agreement for sale, the period from the date on which such agreement is entered into and the date on which it is registered under section 4 of the principal Act as amended by this Act shall be excluded.

5. Nothing in this Act shall render any person liable to be convicted of any offence under the Savings. principal Act, in respect of anything done or omitted to be done, before the commencement of this Act, if such act or omission was not an offence under the principal Act but for the amendments made in the principal Act, by this Act."

‡ Maharashtra Ordinance No.III of 1985 was repealed by Mah. 6 of 1985. s. 3(1).

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"	"	"	12 of 1986 (30-1-1986)*
"	,,	"	36 of 1986 (13- 4 -1987)*
,,	,,	"	15 of 1990£(17-3-1990)*
"	,,	"	10 of 1995†† (1-4-1995)*
,,	,,	"	49 of 2000@ (1- 4 -2000)*
,,	,,	"	37 of 2005@@ff(1-4-2005)
"	"	"	4 of 2008
"	"	"	23 of 2008

£ Maharashtra Ordinance No.VI of 1990 was repealed by Mah. 15 of 1990. s. 3(1).

*

££ Maharashtra Ordinance No.III of 2005 was repealed by Mah. 37 of 2005. s. 6.

†† Sections 3 and 4 of Mah. 10 of 1995 read as follows :----

Savings.

"3. Nothing in this Act shall render any person liable to be convicted of any offence in respect of anything done or omitted to be done, during the period commencing on the 1st day of April 1995 and ending on the date of publication of this Act in the *Official Gazette*, if such act or omission was not an offence but for the retrospective extensions of duration of the principal Act, by this Act.

Removal of doubt. 4. For the removal of doubt, it is hereby declared that the principal Act, which was to expire after the 31st March 1995 having been retrospectively extended from the 1st April 1995 shall be deemed never to have expired at any time and all its provisions as amended and extended by this Act shall, subject to the provisions of section 3 of this Act, be deemed to be continuously in force."

respect of anything done or omitted to be done, during the period commencing on the 1st day April 2000 and ending on the date of publication of this Act in the *Official Gazette*, if such act or omission

"3. Nothing in this Act shall render any person liable to be convicted of any offence in

@ Sections 3 and 4 of Mah. 49 of 2000 read as follows :---

Savings.

Removal of doubt. was not an offence but for the retrospective extension of duration of the principal Act, by this Act. 4. For the removal of doubt, it is hereby declared that the principal Act, which was to expire after the 31st March 2000 having been retrospectively extended from the 1st April 2000 shall be deemed never to have expired at any time and all its provisions as amended and extended by this Act shall, subject to the provisions of section 3 of this Act, be deemed to be continuously in force."

@@ Sections 4 and 5 of Mah. 37 of 2005 read as under :---

"4. Nothing in this Act shall render any person liable to be convicted of any offence in respect of anything done or omitted to be done, during the period commencing on the 1st day April 2005 and ending on the 16th May 2005, if such act or omission was not an offence but for the retrospective extension of duration of the principal Act, by this Act.

Removal of doubt.

Savings.

5. For the removal of doubt, it is hereby declared that the principal Act, which was to expire after the 31st March 2005, having been retrospectively extended with effect from the 1st April 2005 by this Act, shall be deemed never to have expired at any time and all its provisions as amended and extended by this Act shall, subject to the provisions of section 4 of this Act, be deemed to be continuously in force."

An Act to regulate¹ * * in the State of Maharashtra, the promotion of the construction of, the sale and management, and the transfer of flats on ownership basis.

WHEREAS, it has been brought to the notice of the State Government that, consequent on the acute shortage of housing in the several areas of the State of Maharashtra, sundry abuses, malpractices and difficulties relating to the promotion of the construction of, and the sale and management and transfer of flats taken on ownership basis exist, and are increasing;

AND WHEREAS, the Government in order to advise itself as respects the manner of dealing with these matters, appointed a committee by Government Resolution in the Urban Development and Public Health Department, No. S. 248-79599-F, dated the 20th May 1960, to inquire into and report to the State Government on the several matters referred to aforesaid with the purpose of considering measures for their amelioration;

AND WHEREAS, the aforesiad Committee has submitted its report to Government in June 1961, which report has been published for general information;

AND WHEREAS, it is now expedient after considering the recommendations and suggestions made therein, to make provision during the period of such shortage of housing, for the regulation of the promotion of the construction, sale and management and transfer of flats taken on ownership basis in the State of Maharashtra; It is hereby enacted in the

(1) This Act may be called the Maharashtra Ownership Flats Short title, 1. (Regulation of the promotion of construction, sale, management and transfer) ²[extent and Act. 1963.

commencement.]

Definitions.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Maharashtra.

(3) This section shall come into force at once; and the remaining provisions of this Act shall come into force in ³[such] areas, and on dates as the State government may, by Notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, and different dates may be appointed for different areas.

4 *

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, —

⁵ [(a) "Competent Authority" means a Competent Authority appointed under section 5A;]

⁶ [(a-1) "Flat" means a separate and self-contained set of premises used or intended to be used for residence, or office, show-room or shop or godown 7[or for carrying on any industry or business] (and includes a garage), the premises forming part of a building ⁸[and includes an apartment.]

Explanation.— Notwithstanding that provisions is made for sanitary, washing, bathing or other convenience as common to two or more sets of premises, the premises shall be deemed to be separate and self-contained;

(b) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(c) ⁹["promoter" means a person and includes a partnership firm or a body or association of persons whether registered or not] who constructs or causes to be constructed a block or building of flats ¹⁰[or apartments]

¹ The words "for certain period", were deleted by Mah.37 of 2005. s. 2.

² These words were substituted for the words "extent, comencement and duration" be Mah. 37 of 2005. s. 3(b)

Greater bombay on 10th day of February, 1964 (vide G. N., U. D. & P. H. D., No. FOE. 1062/432/ Unification (a), dated the 8th February 1964).

Sub-sections (4) and (5) were deleted the by Mah. 37 of 2005, s. 3(a).

Clause (a) was inserted by Mah.4 of 2008, s. 2(a).

⁶ Clause (a) ware renumbered by Mah. 4 of 2008. s. 2(a).

 $[\]overline{7}$ These words were inserted and shall be deemed always to have been inserted by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 2.

⁸ This words were added, by Mah. 15 of 1971, Sch.

This word were substituted for the words and finger "prmoter" means "person" by Mah. 4 of 2008. s. 2(b).

¹⁰ These words were inserted by Mah.15 of 1971, Sch.

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for the purpose of selling some or all of them to other persons, or to a company, co-operative society or other association of persons, and includes his assignees; and where the person who builds and the person who sells are different persons, the term includes both;

(d) "Registrar" means the Registrar as defined in the Maharashtra Mah. Co-operative Societies Act, 1960, or, as the case may be, in the *Companies XXIV ofAct. 1956; 1961.

(e) "to construct a block or building of flats 1 [or apartments]" includes $_{1 \text{ of}}$ to convert a building or part there of into flats ¹[or apartments]; 1956.

²[(f) the expressions, "apartment" and "apartment owner" shall have <u>Mah.</u> XV of the meanings, respectively assigned to them in the Maharashtra 1971. Apartment Ownership Act, 1970.]

3. (1) Notwithstanding anything in any other law, a promoter who intends liabilities to construct or constructs a block or building of flats, all or some of which are of promoter. to be taken or are taken on ownership basis, shall in all transactions with persons intending to take or taking one or more of such flats, be liable to give or produce, or cause to be given or produced, the information and the documents hereinafter in this section mentioned.

> (2) A promoter, who constructs or intends to construct such block or building of flats, shall—

(a) make full and true disclosure of the nature of his title to the land on which the flats are constructed, or are to be constructed; such title to the land as aforesaid having been duly certified by an Attorneyat-law, or by an Advocate of not less than three years standing, ³[and having been duly entered in the Property card or extract of Village Forms VI or VII and XII or any other relevent revenue record;]

(b) make full and true disclosure of all encumbrances on such land, including any right, title, interest or claim of any party in or over such land;

(c) give inspection in seven days' notice or demand, of the plans and specifications of the building built or to be built on the land; such plans and specifications having been approved by the local authority which he is required so to do under any law for the time being in force;

(d) disclose the nature of fixtures, fittings and amenities (including the provision for one or more lifts) provided or to be provided;

(e) disclose on reasonable notice or demand if the promoter is himself the builder, the prescribed particulars as respects the design and the materials to be used in the construction of the buildings, and if the promoter is not himself the builder disclose, on such notice or demand, all agreements (and where there is no written agreement the details of all agreements) entered into by him with the architects and contractors regarding the design, materials and construction of the building;

(f) specify in writing the date by which possession of the flat is to be handed over (and he shall hand over such possession accordingly);

(g) prepare and maintain a list of flats with their numbers already taken or agreed to be taken, and the names and addresses of the parties, and the price charged or agreed to be charged therefor, and the terms and conditions if any on which the flats are taken or agreed to be taken;

(h) state in writting, the precise nature of the organisation of persons to be constituted and to which title is to be passed, and the terms and conditions governing such organisation of persons, who have taken or are to take the flats:

¹ These words were inserted by Mah. 15 of 1971, Sch.

Clause (f) was added, by Mah. 15 of 1971, Sch.

This words were added by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 3(a).

^{*} Now see Componies Act, 2013.

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(i) not allow persons to enter into possession until a completion certificate where such certificate is required to be given under any law, is duly given by the local authority (and no person shall take possession of a flat until such completion certificate has been duly given by the local authority);

(j) make a full and true disclosure of all outgoings (including ground rent if any, municipal or other local taxes, taxes on income, water charges and electricity charges, revenue assessment, interest on any mortgage or other encumbrances, if any);

(k) make a full and true disclosure of such other information and documents in such manner as may be prescribed; and give on demand true copies of such of the documents referred to in any of the clauses of this sub-section as may be prescribed at a reasonable charge therefor;

 ${}^{1}(l)$ display or keep all the documents, plans or specifications (or copies thereof) referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c), at the site and permit inspection thereof to persons intending to take or taking one or more flats;

(m) when the flats are advertised for sale, disclose *inter-alia* in the advertisement the following particulars, namely :----

(i) the extent of the carpet area of the flat including the area of the balconies which should be shown separately;

(*ii*) the price of the flat including the proportionate price of the ccommon areas and facilities which should be shown separately, to be paid by the purchaser of flat; and the intervals at which the instalments thereof may be paid ;

(iii) the nature, extent and description of the common areas and facilities; and

(iv) the nature, extent and description of limited common areas and facilities, if any;]

 ${}^{2}[(n)$ sell flats on the basis of the carpet area only: provided that, the promoter may separately charge for the common areas and facilities in proportion to the carpet area of the flat.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this clause, the carpet area of the flat shall include the area of the balcony of such flat.]

4. ³[(1)] Notwithstandings anything contained in any other law, a promoter who intends to construct or constructs a block or building of flats, all or some of which are to be taken or are taken on ownership basis, shall, before, he accepts any sum of money as advance payment or deposit, which shall not be more than 20 per cent. of the sale price enter into a written agreement for sale with each of such persons who are to take or have taken such flats, and the agreement shall be registered under ⁴[the Registration agreement XVI of Act, 1908 (hereinafter in this section referred to as "the Registration Act")] registered. ⁵[and such agreement shall be in the perscribed form.].

Promoter before accepting advance payment or deposit to enter into agreement and to be

1908.

¹ These Clauses were added by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 3(*b*).

² Clause (n) was added by Mah. 23 of 2008 s. 2.

Section 4 was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section by Mah. 5 of 1984, s. 2(1).

These words, figures and brackets were substituted for the words and figures "the Indian Registration Act, 1908", *ibid.*, s. 2(1).

These words were substituted for the portion begining with the words "and such agreement" and ending with the words "may be prescribed" by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 4(a).

1[(1A) The agreement to be prescribed and sub-section (1) shall contain inter alia the particulars as specified in clause (a); and to such agreement there shall be attached the copies of the documents specified in clause (b),-

(a) particulars,—

(i) if the building is to be constructed, the liability of the promoter to construct it according to the plans and specifications approved by the local authority where such approval is required under any law for the time being in force ;

(*ii*) the date by which the possession of the flat is to be handed over to the purchaser ;

(iii) the extent of the carpet area of the flat including the area of the balconies which should be shown separately;

(iv) the price of the flat including the proportionate price of the common areas and facilities which should be shown separately, to be paid by the purchaser of flat; and the intervals at which installments thereof may be paid ;

(v) the precise nature of organisation to be constituted of the persons who have taken or are to take the flats ;

(vi) the nature, extent and description of limited common areas and facilities ;

(vii) the nature, extent and description of limited common areas and facilities, if any ;

(viii) percentage of undivided interest in the common areas and facilities appertaining to the flat agreed to sold ;

(ix) statement of the use of which the flat is intended and restriction of its use, if any ;

(x) percentage of undivided interests in the limited common areas and facilities, if any, appertaining to the flat agreed to be sold ;

(b) copies of documents,—

(i) the certificate by an Attorney-at-law or Advocate under clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 3;

(ii) Property Card or extract of village Forms VI or VII and XII or any other relevant revenue record showing the nature of the title of the promoter to the land on which the flats are constructed or are to be constructed :

(*iii*) the plans and specifications of the flat 4 as approved by the concerned local authority.].

 $^{2}[(2)$ Any agreement for sale entered into under sub-section (1) shall be presented by the promoter or by any other person competent to do so under section 32 of the Registration Act, at the proper registration office for registration, within the time allowed under sections 23 to 26 (both inclusive) to the said Act and execution thereof shall be admitted before the registering officer by the person executing the document or his representative, assign or agent as laid down in sections 34 and 35 of the said Act also within the time aforesaid:

Provided that, where any agreement for sale is entered into, or is purported to be entered into, under sub-section (1), at any time before the commencement of the Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the promotion of construction, sale, management and transfer) (Amendment and Mah-V Validating Provisions) Act, 1983, and such agreement was not presented for registration or was presented for registration but its execution was not ^{1984.} admitted before the registration officer by the person concerned, before the commencement of the said Act, then such document may be presented at the proper registration office for registration, and its execution may be admitted, by any of the persons concered referred to above in this sub-section, on or before the 31st December 1984, and the registering officer shall accept such document for registration, and register it under the Registration Act, as if it were presented, and its execution was admitted, within the time laid down in the Registration Act:

² Sub-section (2) was added by Mah. 5 of 1984, s 2(2).

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Provided firther that, on presenting a documnet for registration as aforesiad if the person executing such document or his representative, assign or agent dose not appear before the registering officer and admit the execution of the document, the registering officer shall cause a summons to be issued under section 36 of the Registration Act requiring the executant to appear at the registration office, either in person or by duly authorised agent, at a time fixed in the summons. If the executant fails to appear in compliance with the summons, the execution on the document shall be deemed to be admitted by him and the registring officer may proceed to register the document accordingly. If he executant appears before the registering officer as required by the summons but denies execution of the doucment, the registering officer shall, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of beging heard, if satisfied that the document has been executed by him, proceed to register the document accordingly.]

section 4, whether entered into before or after the commencement of the Mah.V Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the promotion of construction, of sale, Management and transfer) (Amendment and validating Provisions) Act, 1984. 1983, remains unregistered for any reason, then notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, or in any judgement, decree or order of any Court, it may be received as evidence of a contract in a suit for specific performance under Chapter II of the Specific Relief Act, 1963, or XLVII of as evidence of part performance of a contarct for the purposes of section 53A 1963. of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, or as evidence of any collateral IV of transaction not required to be effected by registered instrument.] 1882.

5. The promoter shall maintain a separate account in any bank of sums taken, by him, from persons intending to take or who have taken flats, as advance or deposit, including any sums so taken towards the share capital for the formation of co-operative society or a company, or towrads the outgoings (including ground rent, if any, municipal or other local taxes, taxes on income, water charges, electricity charges, revenue assessment, interest on any mortgage or other encumbrances, if any); and he shall hold the said moneys for the purposes for which they were given and shall disburse the moneys for those purposes and shall on demend in writing by an officer appointed by general or special order by the State Government for the purpose, make full and true discloure of all transactions in respect of that account.

²[**5A**. The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette Competent appoint an officer, not below the rank of the District Deputy Registrar of Authority. Co-operative Societies, to be the Competent Authority, for an area or areas to be specified in such notification and different officers may be appointed as Competent Authority for different local areas, for the purposes of exercising the powers and performing the duties under sections 5, 10 and 11 of this Act].

6. A promoter shall, while he is in possession and where he collects from persons who have over flats or are to take over flats sums for the payment of outgoings even thereafter, pay all outgoings (including ground rent, municipal or other local taxes, on income taxes, water charges, electricity charges, revenue assessment, interest on any mortgage other encumbrances, if any), until he transfers property to the persons taking over

¹[4A. where an agreement for sale entered into under sub-scetion (1) of Effect of nonregistration of agreement required to be registered under section 4.

> Promoter to maintain separate account of sums taken as advence or deposit and to be trustee therefore and disburse them for purposes for which given.

Responsibility for payment of outgoings till property is transferred.

¹ This section was inserted, Mah. 5 of 1984, s.3.

² Section 5A was inserted by Mah. 4 of 2008, s.4.

the flats, or to the organisation of any such persons, ¹[where any promoter fails to pay all or any of the outgoings collected by him from the persons who have taken over flats or are to take over flats, before transferring the property to the persons taking over the flats or to the organisation of any such persons, the promoter shall continue to be liable, even after the transfer of the property, to pay such outgoings and penal charges (if any) to the authority or person to whom they are payable and to be responsible for any legal proceedings which may be taken therefor by such authority or persons.]

7. (1) After the plans and specifications of the building as approved by $\frac{1}{3}$ the local authority as aforesaid, are disclosed or furnished to the persons who agrees to take one or more flats, the promoter shall not make—

(i) any alteration in the structures described therein in respect of the flat or flats which are agreed to be taken, without the previous consent of that persons;

2[(ii) any other alterations or additions in the structure of the building without the previous consent of all the persons who have agreed to take the flats in such building.]

(2) Subject to sub-section (1), the building shall be constructed and completed in accordance with the plans and specifications aforesaid; and if any defect in the building or material used, or if any unauthorized change in the construction is brought to the notice of the promoter within a period of ³[three years] from the date of handling over possession, it shall wherever possible be ractified by the promoter without further charge to the persons who have agreed to take the flats, and in other cases such person shall be entitled to receive reasonable compensation for such defect or change. Where there is a dispute as regards any defect in the building or material used, or any unauthorised change in the construction, ⁴[or as to whether it is reasonably possible for the promoter to rectify any such defect or change, or as regards the amount of reasonable compensation payable in respect of any such defect or change which cannot be, or is not rectified by the promoter.] the matter shall, on payment of such fee as may be prescribed, ⁶[and within a period of three years from the date of handing over possession, be referred for decision,---

(*i*) in an urban agglomeration as defined in clause (n) of section 2 of ³³ of the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976, to such competent ^{1976.} authority authorised by the State Government under clause (d) of section 2 of that Act, and

¹ This portion was added and was deemed always to have been added by Mah. 36 of 1986, s.5.

² Clause (*ii*) was substituted and was deemed always to have been substituted by Mah. 36 of 1986, s.6(a).

³ These words were substituted and were deemed always to have been substituted for the words "one year" *ibid*, s 6(b)(i).

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 4}~$ These words were deemed always to have been inserted by Mah. 11 of 1970, $~{\rm s.~3.}$

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 5}~$ These words were substituted for the words " a year" by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 6(c).

⁶ This portion was substituted for the portion beginnig with the words "be referred" and ending with the words "shall be final" by Mah. 36 of 1986, s.6(b)(ii).

Mah. XXVIII of 1977. (*ii*) in any other area, to such Deputy Chief Engineer, or to such other Officer of the rank equivalent to that of Superintending Engineer in the Maharashtra Service of Engineers, of a Board established under scetion 18 of the Maharashtra Housing and Area development Act, 1976,

as the State Government may, be general or special order, specify in this behalf. Such competent authority, Deputy Chief Engineer or, as the case may be, the other officer of a Board shall, after inquiry, record his decision, which shall be final.]

¹[7A. For the removal of doubt, it is hereby declared that clause (ii) of Removal of doubt. sub-section (1) of section 7 having been retrospectively subsituted by clause Mah. XXXVI (a) of section 6 of the Maharshtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the of promotion of construction, sale, management and transfer) (Amendment) Act, 1986. 1986 (hereinafter in this section referred to as "the Amendment Act"), it shall be deemed to be effective as if the said clause (ii) as so substituted has been in force at all material times; and the expression "or construct any additional structures" in clause (ii) of section (1) of section 7 as existed before the commencement of the Amendment Act and the expression "constructed and completed in accordance with the plans and specifications as aforesaid "and" any unauthorised change in the construction "in sub-section (2) of section 7 shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in any Agreement, or in any judgement, decree or order of any Court, be deemed never to apply or to have applied in respect of the construction of any other additional building or structures constructed or to be constructed under a scheme or project of development in the layout after obtaining the approval of a local authority in accordance with the building rules or building bye-laws or Development Control Rules made under any law for the time being in force.]

8. If—

(a) the promoter fails to give possession in accordance with the paid with interest for terms of his agreement of a flat duly completed by the date specified, or any further date or dates agreed to by the parties, or $give_{possession}$

(b) The promoter for reasons beyond his control and of his agents, is unbale to give possession of the flat by the date specified, or the further agreed date and a period of three months thereafter, or a further period of three months if those reasons still exist,

then, in any such case, the promoter shall be liable on demand (but without prejudice to any other remedies to which he may be laible) to refund the amounts already received by him in respect of the flat (with simple interest at *nine per cent. per annum* from the date he received the sums till the date the amounts and interest thereon is refunded), and the amounts and the interest shall be a charge on the land and the construction if any thereon in which the flat is or was to be constructed, to the extent of the amount due, but subject to any prior encumbrances.

9. No promoter shall, after he executes an agreement to sell any flat, No mortgage or create a charge on the flat on the land, without the previous etc consent of the persons who take or agree to take the flats, and if any such without such previous consent after the agreement referred to in section 4 is registered, it shall not affect the after right and interest of such persons.

time allowed.

No mortgage etc., to be created without consent of parties after execution of agreement for sale.

¹ Section 7A was inserted by Mah. 36 of. 1986, s.7. (G.C.P.) H 4145–3 (7042–4–2016)

Promoter to take steps of cosociety or company.

10. ${}^{1}[(1)]$ A soon as a minimum number of persons required to from a Cofor operative society or a company have taken flats, the promoter shall within formation the prescribed period submit an application to the Registrar for registration operative of the organisation of persons who take the flats as Co-operative society or, as the case may be as, a company; and the promoter shall join, in respect of the flats which have not been taken, in such application for membership of a Co-operative society or as the case may be, of a company. Nothing in this section shall affect the right of the promoter to dispose of the remaining flats in accordance with the provisions of this Act :

> ²[Provided that, if the promoter fails within the prescribed period to submit an application to the Registrar for registration of society in the manner provided in the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960, the Competent Mah. Authority may, upon receiving an application from the persons who have XXIV taken flats from the said promoter, direct the District Deputy Registrar, 1961. Deputy Registrar or, as the case may be, Assistant Registrar concerned, to register the society:

Provided further that, no such direction to register any society under the preceding proviso shall be given to the District Deputy Registrar, Deputy Registrar or, as the case may be, Assistant Registrar, by the Competent Authority without first verifying authenticity of the applicants, request and giving the concerned promoter a reasonable opportunity of being heard.]

 ${}^{1}[(2)]$ If any property consisting of building is constructed or to be constructed ³[and the promoter submits such property to the provisions of the Maharashtra Apartment Ownership Act, 1970, by executing and registering Mah. XV of a Declaration as provided by that Act] then the promoter shall inform the 1971. Registrar as defined in the Maharshtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960, Mah. accordingly; and in such cases, it shall not be lawful to form any co-operative XXIV of society or company. 1961.

*

*]

4[*

Promoter to convey title execute documents, agreement.

11. ${}^{5}[(1)]$ A promoter shall take all necessary steps to complete his title etc., and and convey to the organisation of persons, who take flats, which is registered either as a co-operative society or as a company as aforesaid or to an according to association of flat takers ⁶[or apartment owners], his right, title and interest in the land and building, and execute all relevant documents therefor in accordance with the agreement executed under section 4 and if no period for the execution of the conveyance is agreed upon, he shall execute the conveyance within the prescribed period and also deliver all documents of title relating to the property which may be in his possession or power.

¹ Section 10 was renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section and sub-section (2) was added by Mah.15 of 1971, Sch.

² Provisos were added by Mah. 4 of 2008, s. 5.

³ This portion was substituted for the portion beginning with "and the apartment takers propose to submit" and ending with "as required by that Act" by Mah. 53 of 1974, s. 6(a)

⁴ The words "and each apartment owner shall be entitled to the exclusive ownership and possession of his apartment as provided in the first mentioned Act" were deleted, *ibid.*, s. 6(b).

Section 11 was remembered as sub-section (1) of the said section and sub-sections (2) to (5) were inserted by Mah.4 of 2008, s. 6.

⁶ These words were inserted by Mah. 15 of 1971, Sch..

 ${}^{1}[(2)]$ It shall be the duty of the promoter to file with the Competent Authority, within the prescribed period, a copy of the conveyance executed by him under sub-section (1).

(3) If the promoter fails to execute the conveyance in favour of the Cooperative society formed under section 10 or, as the case may be, the Company or the association of apartment owners, as provided by sub-section (1), within the prescribed period, the members of such Co-operative society or, as the case may be, the Company or the association of apartment owners may, make an application, in writing, to the concerned Competent Authority accompanied by the true copies of the registered agreements for sale, executed with the promoter by each individual member of the society or the Company or the association, who have purchased the flats and all other relevant documents (including the occupation certificate, if any), for issuing a certificate that such society, or as the case may be, Company or association, is entitled to have an unilateral deemed conveyance, executed in their favour and to have it registered.

(4) The Competent Authority, on receiving such application, within reasonable time and in any case not later than six months, after making such enquiry as deemed necessary and after verifying the authenticity of the documents submitted and after giving the promoter a reasonable opportunity of being heard, on being satisfied that it is a fit case for issuing such certificate, shall issue a certificate to the Sub-Registrar or any other appropriate ¹⁶ of Registration Officer under the Registration Act, 1908, certifying that it is a 1908. fit case for enforcing unilateral execution, of conveyance deed conveying the right, title and interest of the promoter in the land and building in favour of the applicant, as deemed conveyance.

(5) On submission by such society or as the case may be, the Company or the association of apartment owners, to the Sub-Registrar or the concerned ¹⁶ of appropriate Registration Officer appointed under the Registration Act, 1908, 1908. the certificate issued by the Competent Authority alongwith the unilateral instrument of conveyance, the Sub-Registrar or the concerned appropriate registration Officer shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the ¹⁶ of Registration Act, 1908, issue summons to the promoter to show cause why, 1908. such unilateral instrument should not be registered as 'deemed conveyance' and after giving the promoter and the applicants a reasonable opportunity of being heard, may on being satisfied that it was fit case for unilateral conveyance, register that instrument as, ' deemed conveyance '.]

12. (1) Every person who has executed an agreement to take a flat shall General pay at the proper time and place the price, his proportionate share of the of flatmunicipal taxes, water and electricity charges, ground rent (if any) and other public charges in accordance with his agreement with the promoter ; and where a co-operative society or a company of persons taking the flats is to be constituted, co-operate in the formation of such society or company, as the case may be.

(2) Any person who has executed an agreement to take a flat and who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with or contravenes sub-section (1) shall, on conviction, be punished with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees.

liabilities taker.

¹ Sub-sections (2) to (5) were inserted by Mah. 4 of 2008, s. 6. H 4145–3a

Manager not to cut curtail or essential supply or

 1 [12A. (1) No person, who is a promoter, or who is in-charge of \widetilde{off} , management or connected with the management of a block or building of withheld, flats, whether as member of a managing committee, director, secretary or reduce otherwise, or is responsible for the maintenance thereof (hereinafter in this section referred to as "the manager"), shall, without just and sufficient service. cause, either by himself or through any person, cut off, withhold, or in any manner curtail or reduce, any essential supply or service enjoyed by the person who has taken a flat (or by any person in occupation thereof through or under him) in respect of the flat taken or agreed to be taken by him.

> (2) The person who has taken or agreed to take the flat or the occupier may, if the manager has contravened the provisions of sub-section (1), make an application to the Court for a direction to restore such supply or service.

> (3) If the Court on enquiry finds that the applicant or the person through or under whom he is in occupation has been in enjoyment of the essential supply or service, and that it was cut off or withheld or curtailed or reduced by the manager without just and sufficient cause, the Court shall make an order directing the manager to restore such supply or service before a date to be specified in the order.

> (4) The manager who fails to restore the supply or service before the date so specified, shall for each day during which the default continues thereafter, be liable upon a further direction by the Court to that effect, to fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

> (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force,—

> > (a) in Greater Bombay, the Court of Small Causes, Bombay,

(b) in any area for which a Court of Small Causes is established under the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887, such Court, and

IX of 1887.

1964.

(c) elsewhere, the Court of the Civil Judge (Senior Division),

shall have jurisdiction to decide any application made under subsection (2), and no other Court shall have jurisdiction to entertain such application. No appeal shall lie from any order made on such application; but in Greater Bombay a bench of two judges of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, which shall not include the Judge who made such order, and elsewhere the District Court, may for the purpose of satisfying itself that the order made was according to law, call for the case in which such order was made and the Bench or Court aforesaid or the District Judge or any Judge to which the case may be referred by the District Judge, shall pass such order with respect thereto as it or he thinks fit.

¹ 12A was inserted by Mah. 29 of 1964, s. 2. Section 4 of Mah. 29 of 1964 reads as under :---

Retrospective effect and saving.

[&]quot;4. The amendments made by sections 2 and 3 shall be deemed to have been inserted in the principal Act and shall be deemed to have come into force in Greater Bombay, on the 10th day of February 1964; but nothing therein shall render any person liable to be convicted of any offence in respect of any act or omission by him before the commencement of this Act, if such act was not an offence under the principal Act, at that date, but for the provisions herein inserted. But if any person has cut off, withheld or in any manner curtailed or reduced, any essential supply or service in respect of any flat at any time before the commencement of the Maharashtra Ownership Flats Mah. (Regulation of promotion of construction, sale, management and transfer) (Amendment) Act, 1964, XXIX and continues or allows the continuance thereof after such commencement, he shall be liable to of the penalties provided in that aforementioned section 2.".

Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the promotion of 1963 : Mah. XLV] construction, sale, management and transfer) Act, 1963

(6) Any manager who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine, or with both.

(7) The offence under sub-section (6) shall be cognizable, and shall not be triable by any Court inferior to that of a ¹[Metropolitan Magistrate, or a Judicial Magistrate of the First Class].

Explanation I.—In this section, essential supply or service includes the supply of water, electricity, lights in passages and on stair-cases, and lifts and conservancy or sanitary service.

Explanation II.—For the purposes of this section, witholding any essential supply or service shall include acts or omissions attributable to the manager on account of which the essential supply or service is cut off by the local authority or any other competent authority.]

 2 [13. (1) Any promoter who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply Offences by with or contravenes, the provisions of sections 3, 4, 5 [save as provided in promoters sub-section (2) of this section], 10 or 11 shall, on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine, or with both.

⁵[and consequences on conviction.]

(2) Any promoter who commits criminal breach of trust of any amount advanced or deposited with him for the purposes mentioned in section 5 shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years, or with fine, or with both.

(3) Any promoter who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with or, contravenes, any other provision of this Act or any rule made thereunder, shall, if no other penalty is expressly provided for the offence, or punished, on conviction, ³[with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to one year or with fine which shall not be less than Ten Thousand rupees but which may extend to Fifty Thousand rupees or with both.]

 4 [(4) When any promoter is convicted of any offence under this Act, except offence under section 12A, such promoter shall be disqualified from undertaking construction of flats for a period of five years from the date of such conviction. However, such disqualification shall not affect the permission for construction of flats already granted before incurring such disgualification and shall also not debar the promoter from seeking or being granted any additional requisite permissions which may be required from the concerned local authorities for completion of constructions already undertaken by him.

(5) The Competent Authority shall, on such conviction of a promoter under this Act, subject to the orders of the appellate court, if any, or after the expiry of the appeal period, forward the name of the convicted promoter to the local authorities under his jurisdiction, with a direction that such promoter shall not be granted permission under the relevant law for undertaking any construction of flats during the period of such disqualification, specifically mentioning such period.

¹ These words were substituted for the words "Presidencey Magistrate, or a Magistrate of the First Class " by Mah. 12 of 1986, s.3.

² Sections 13 and 13A were substituted for the original section 13 by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 8.

³ These words were substituted for the words " with imprisonment for a term which may extent to one year, or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees, or with both, "by Mah. 4 of. 2008, s.7(*a*).

⁴ These sub-sections were added by Mah. 4 of 2008, s.7(*b*).

⁵ These words were inserted by Mah. 4 of 2008, s.7(c).

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Maharashtra Ownership Flats (Regulation of the promotion of construction, sale, management and transfer) Act, 1963 [1963 : Mah. XLV

(6) On receiving such intimation from the Competent Authority, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the concerned local authority shall not grant such promoter any permission or licence under the relevant law for construction of flats for a period for which the promoter is so disgualified.]

Power of Magistrate to pass sentences under this Act. **13A.** Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, it shall be lawful for a Metropolitan Magistrate or a Judical Magistrate of the First Class to pass on any person convicted of any offence under this Act a sentence of imprisonment or of fine or both as provided in the relevant section of this Act, in excess of his powers under section 27 of the said Code.]

Competent Authority to be public servent. ¹[**13B**. The Competent Authority shall be deemed to be a public servant 45 of within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code. ^{1860.}

Proceedings before **13C**. All proceedings before a Competent Authority shall be deemed to 45 of Competent be the judicial proceedings for the purposes of sections 193 and 228 of the 1860. Authority to be

judicial proceedings.

Competent Authority deemed to be Civil Court for Court f

certain purposes.

Indemnity for acts done in good faith. or purported to be done by him under this Act.]

Offences by companies.

14. (1) If the person committing an offence under this Act is a company, every person who at the time the offence was committed was in charge of and was responsible to the company for the conduct of business by the company as well as the company shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly :

Provided that, nothing contained in this sub-section shall render any such person liable to such punishment provided in this Act if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) where an offence under this Act has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any negligence on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

Explanation,-For the purposes of this section,-

(a) " company " means a body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals ; and

(b) "director" in relation to a firm means a partner in firm.

¹ The Sections 13B to 13E were inserted by Mah. 4 of 2008, s. 8.

15. (1) The State Government may, subject to the condition of previous Power to publication, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying make rule. into effect the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-

(a) under section 3, the particulars as respects the design and the materials to be used in the construction of the building and the other information and documents to be disclosed, the manner in which disclosure to be made and the documents of which true copies shall be given by the promoter ;

[(b) under section 4, the form of agreement;]

(c) under section 10, the period within which the promoter shall submit an application for registration of a co-operative society or a company;

(d) under section 11, the period within which the promoter shall execute the conveyance;

(e) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed by rules.

(3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid as soon as may be after it is made before each House of the State Legislature while it is in session for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, and notify such decision in the Official Gazette, the rule shall from the date of publication of such notification have effect only in such modified form or be no effect, as the case may be ; so however that any such modification or annulment shall, be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done or omitted to be done under that rule.

16. The provisions of this Act, except where otherwise provided, shall Act to be in IV of ^{1882.} be in addition to the provisions of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, and addition to shall take effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any contract.

Transfer of Property Act and to over-ride contarct to the contrary.

17. As respects flats which on the commencement of this Act have already Application been constructed, or converted, the provisions of sections 2, 6,8,9, of certain 10,11,12,13,14,15 and 16 apply with the following modifications, that is to provisions say,—

to flats already in

(a) in section 2, in clause (c), the words " means a person who existence. constructs " shall be read as if the words " means a person who has constructed " had been substituted ;

(b) in section 8, if the date specified or agreed to has already passed at the commencement of this Act, then the promoter shall give possession within three months from such commencement of this Act; and if for any

Clause (b) was substituted for the original by Mah. 36 of 1986, s. 9.

reasons beyond his control and of his agent, the promoter has been unable to give possession of the flat within three months from such commencement, he shall give possession thereof within a period of three months thereafter, or a further period of three months if those reasons still exist; and thereafter the promoter shall be liable on demand to refund the amounts on the terms and conditions provided in the said section ;

(c) in section 9, the words and figures "after the agreement referred to in section 4 is registered" shall be read as if the words "after the commencement of this Act" had been substituted;

(d) in section 10, the words "As soon as a minimum number of persons required to form a co-operative society or a company have taken flats, the promoter shall within the prescribed period" shall be read as if the words "Where the minimum number of persons required to form a co-operative society or a company have taken flats, the promoter shall within three months from the commencement of this Act" had been substituted ;

(e) in section 11, the words and figure " in accordance with the agreement executed under section 4" shall be read as if the words " in accordance with any agreement made in respect thereof" had been substituted, and the words " within the prescribed period " shall be read as if the words " within three months from the commencement of this Act " had been substituted.

¹[18. Nothing in this Act shall apply to the Maharashtra Housing Mah. Area Development Authority and the Boards established under the Maharashtra Housing and Area Development Act,1976.] Mah.

Act not to apply to Housing and Area Development Authority and Boards.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}~$ Section 18 was substituted for the original by Mah. 12 of 1986, s.4.

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